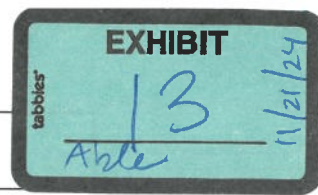


JUDICIAL MERIT SELECTION COMMISSION  
Sworn Statement to be included in Transcript of Public Hearings



Family Court  
(New Candidate)

Full Name: Bryan C. Able  
Business Address: PO Box 428  
916 West Main Street  
Laurens, SC 29360  
Business Telephone: 864-984-6100

1. Why do you want to serve as a Family Court Judge?

I want to be a Family Court judge because I believe I can do the job well. I believe I have the experience and the temperament to be a fair and impartial judge. I was admitted to the SC Bar on November 11, 1987. I tried my first case before the Family Court in January 1988. Over the past 37 years, I have handled every type of case that the Family Court has jurisdiction over. In that time, I have developed the knowledge and skills necessary to be a Family Court Judge. My desire is to serve the State of South Carolina.

2. Do you plan to serve your full term if elected?

Yes, if I am elected, I would plan to serve my full term.

3. Do you have any plans to return to private practice one day?

No, if I am elected, I would serve as judge until retirement at 72 years of age.

4. Have you met the statutory requirements for this position regarding age, residence, and years of practice? Yes

5. What is your philosophy regarding *ex parte* communications? Are there circumstances under which you could envision *ex parte* communications being tolerated?

Ex Parte communication should be limited to only those exceptions enumerated in the Code of Judicial Conduct. The only circumstances under which I could envision *ex parte* communications being tolerated are those specifically authorized within the Code of Judicial Conduct or as expressly authorized by law.

6. If you disclosed something that had the appearance of bias, but you believed it would not actually prejudice your impartiality, what deference would you give a party that requested your recusal? Would you grant such a motion?

In such a situation as described, the question for the judge is whether the judge's impartiality might reasonably be questioned after the disclosure of information the parties or their lawyers might consider relevant to the question of disqualification. The decision by the judge to recuse himself would have to be made based upon the facts and circumstances of each case where the judge's impartiality is questioned. If after disclosure by the judge a motion for recusal is made and the judge, while believing that no real basis for disqualification exists, should disqualify himself if he believes his impartiality might reasonably be questioned. If on the other hand, after the judge's disclosure of information and a motion is made for the judge's recusal, the judge should not recuse himself if he does not believe his impartiality can reasonably be questioned given the facts of the particular case.

7. How would you handle the appearance of impropriety because of the financial or social involvement of your spouse or a close relative?

I would discuss with my spouse and members of my household that as a judge my financial activities and social involvement are regulated by certain and specific ethical constraints and considerations. I would further explain that because of their relationship with me and their living in my home that any conduct on their part that might call into question whether or not they acted appropriately in any financial or social situation might reflect negatively on my serving as a judge.

In addition, I would discourage family members from engaging in financial and business dealings that would give an appearance of exploiting my position as judge.

If I had knowledge that my spouse or family member were acting inappropriately in any financial or social situation that might reflect negatively on my service as a judge I would demand the activity be ended immediately.

If I knew my spouse or close relatives had an economic or financial interest in the subject matter of a case before me or close social involvement with a party appearing in a case before me I would recuse myself in accordance with Code of Judicial Conduct.

8. What standards would you set for yourself regarding the acceptance of gifts or social hospitality?

I believe that in an effort to avoid all appearances of impropriety it would be best to limit the acceptance of gifts and social hospitality to only gifts from relatives or friends commensurate with a special occasion and ordinary social hospitality such as visiting in a relatives or friends home.

9. How would you handle a situation in which you became aware of misconduct or appearance of infirmity of a lawyer or of a fellow judge?

If I had knowledge that a lawyer had committed a violation of the Rules of Professional Conduct that gave rise to a substantial question as to the lawyers honesty, trustworthiness, or fitness as a lawyer I would report it to the Commission on Lawyer Conduct.

If I had knowledge that another judge has committed a violation of the Code of Judicial Conduct that gave rise to a substantial question as to that judge's fitness for office I would report it to the Commission on Judicial Conduct.

10. Are you a member of any organization or association that, by policy or practice, prohibits or limits its membership on the basis of race, sex, religion, or national origin? If so, please identify the entity and explain if this organization practices invidious discrimination on any basis. No

11. Have you engaged in any fund-raising activities with any political, social, community, or religious organizations? Please describe. No

12. Do you have any business activities that you would envision remaining involved with if elected to the bench? No

13. Since family court judges do not have law clerks, how would you handle the drafting of orders?

As a lawyer I have always drafted the orders for my cases when given the opportunity. I enjoy drafting orders and would hope to continue to do so as a judge when I found issues or a particular case to be interesting. However, realizing the time restraints on a judge I know I would not have time to draft many orders.

As a rule, I would request a prevailing party's lawyer to draft a proposed order including therein all relevant findings of fact and conclusions of law and would give notice to all parties of my request on the record at the conclusion of the

hearing or in writing. I would also request that the lawyer requested to draft the proposed order forward the order to all parties for review prior to it being submitted to me so as to give all parties the opportunity to respond to the findings of fact and conclusions of law before the order is signed.

14. If elected, what method would you use to ensure that you and your staff meet deadlines?

I would use a calendaring system to ensure that my staff and I meet deadlines. As a backup to the calendar, I would use an electronic calendaring system.

15. If elected, what specific actions or steps would you take to ensure that the guidelines of the guardian ad litem statutes are followed during the pendency of a case?

The best manner to ensure the guidelines of the Guardian ad litem statutes are followed during the pendency of a case is to address the issue early on at the temporary hearing or other initial appointment of the Guardian ad litem. The temporary order or order of appointment should set forth and outline the courts expectations and possible time schedule for certain aspects of the investigation to be completed. In addition, the temporary order or order of appointment should require that the Guardian ad litem file with the clerk the statutorily required affidavits as soon as possible. Also, the Guardian ad litem should sign an affidavit that enumerates the responsibilities of guardians pursuant to the applicable statutes stating that the Guardian ad litem understands the responsibilities imposed and the willingness to comply with those responsibilities.

16. What is your philosophy on “judicial activism,” and what effect should judges have in setting or promoting public policy?

It is the job and duty of a judge when construing a statute to ascertain the legislature’s intent. A judge should not attempt to interpret a law in a way to limit or expand the legislative intent, but should read a statute giving each word their plain and ordinary meaning. A judge should not apply a law as he believes it should be but as the legislature intended it to be. To do anything else results in judicial activism that clearly invades the responsibilities and duties of the legislative branch of government.

It is not a judge’s job to set or promote public policy. What one person may believe to be good public policy may be detested as abhorrent public policy by the next person. Public policy is a matter of individual opinion that may change over time as result of many different factors. A judge should only recognize as public policy that which he can derive from a clear understanding of the law of the state. To do anything else would again invade the sole province of the legislature.

17. Canon 4 allows a judge to engage in activities to improve the law, legal system, and administration of justice. What activities would you plan to undertake to further this improvement of the legal system?

I believe the best way to improve the legal system is to educate the public about how the legal system operates. Most people rarely have dealings within the legal system and do not have any clear understanding of how the system works. In an effort to improve the legal system I would like to speak to local social groups and organizations upon request. Also, I would like to speak to school children about the judicial system and the role it plays in our government.

18. Do you feel that the pressure of serving as a judge would strain personal relationships (i.e. spouse, children, friends, or relatives)? How would you plan to address this?

I do not feel the pressures of serving as a judge would strain my personal relationships. I lost my wife Mary to breast cancer in 2000. Mary and I met in 1980 and married in 1984. After Mary's passing, I met my current wife "Toni" in 2001. We married in 2004. During the three years prior to our marriage Toni and I had ample time together to build a strong and lasting relationship. Since 2001, Toni and I have always dealt with each other openly and honestly. I know that if I am elected to the bench Toni and I will continue to talk to each other to discuss issues concerning our marriage and if my duties as a judge are straining that relationship. I truly believe my relationship with my wife is strong enough to withstand any strain created by my service as a judge. Toni is very supportive of my efforts to become a judge.

As for my children, I don't believe there would be any strain in our relationship as a result of the pressures associated with being a judge. I have always been a very involved father and have spent a great deal of time with my children. My three children are grown and leading productive lives.

19. Would you give any special considerations to a pro se litigant in family court?

No. A judge is required to provide everyone who has an interest in the case before him the opportunity to be heard. This is required whether the person is represented by an attorney or appearing on his or her own behalf. A judge must perform his or her duties without bias or prejudice and must avoid behaviors or conduct that may be perceived biased or prejudicial. Providing to a *pro se* litigant any "special considerations" not provided to all parties appearing before the court could be perceived as biased or prejudicial and should be avoided. That is not to say that a judge should not be patient and courteous with a *pro se* litigant, as he should be with everyone, but the duty of the judge is to conduct the proceedings fairly for all parties.

20. Are you involved in any active investments from which you derive additional income that might impair your appearance of impartiality? No

21. Would you hear a case where you or a member of your family held a *de minimis* financial interest in a party involved?

The Code of Judicial Conduct would allow me as a judge to hear a case where I or a member of my family held a *de minimis* financial interest in a party involved. The interest should be one so insignificant that it could not raise a reasonable question of impartiality.

22. Have you met the mandatory minimum hours requirement for continuing legal education courses for the past reporting period? Yes

23. What do you feel is the appropriate demeanor for a judge and when do these rules apply?

I believe the most important characteristics for a judge to exhibit are patience and humility. Often a judge will have parties appear before him who are not represented and not versed in the rules of procedure and evidence. While a judge should not advise a pro se litigant on the rules of court or rules of procedure he should always be patient allowing anyone who appears before him to be heard fully. A judge should also be humble. He should remember that he is only one part of the system that is made up of many different people doing difficult jobs. The jobs being performed by others are no less important than the job being performed by the judge. The judge must be the one to move things forward but to do so while dealing with others in a courteous, efficient and firm manner.

Do you feel that it is ever appropriate to be angry with a member of the public who would appear before you, especially with a criminal defendant? Is anger ever appropriate in dealing with attorneys or a pro se litigant?

I do not believe it is ever appropriate for a judge to express anger towards anyone he deals with in an official capacity. A judge can and should act firmly but not with anger. A judge can perform his duties without expressing anger. I believe that a judge that acts angrily with anyone diminishes the public's confidence in the judicial system because anger is an individual emotion and not representative of an impartial, unbiased judiciary represented by that individual.

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE ANSWERS TO THE ABOVE QUESTIONS ARE TRUE AND COMPLETE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE.

\_\_\_\_\_

Sworn to before me this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 2024.

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Signature)

\_\_\_\_\_

(Print name)

Notary Public for South Carolina

My commission expires: \_\_\_\_\_